
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark one)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2025

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ___ to ___

Commission file number: 001-40355

Treace Medical Concepts, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

47-1052611

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**100 Palmetto Park Place
Ponte Vedra, Florida 32081**

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(904) 373-5940

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.001 par value	TMCI	The Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of July 31, 2025, 63,173,126 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, were outstanding.

TREACE MEDICAL CONCEPTS, INC.

FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Table of Contents

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements	1
Part I: Financial Information	
Item 1. Condensed Financial Statements	3
Condensed Balance Sheets	3
Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss	4
Condensed Statements of Stockholders' Equity	5
Condensed Statements of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Condensed Financial Statements	7
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	16
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	25
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	25
Part II: Other Information	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	26
Item 1A. Risk Factors	26
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	27
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities	27
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	27
Item 5. Other Information	27
Item 6. Exhibits	27
Signatures	28

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Quarterly Report"), unless expressly indicated or the context otherwise requires, references to "Treace Medical Concepts," "we," "us," "our," or the "Company," refer to Treace Medical Concepts, Inc. This Quarterly Report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as codified in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") concerning our business, operations and financial performance and condition, as well as our plans, objectives and expectations for our business, operations and financial performance and condition. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "contemplate," "continue," "could," "due," "estimate," "expect," "goal," "intend," "may," "objective," "plan," "predict," "potential," "positioned," "seek," "should," "slated," "target," "will," "would" and other similar expressions that are predictions of or indicate future events and future trends, or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology.

These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about:

- the expected use of our products by physicians;
- the expected growth of our business and our organization and expected improvements in profitability, cash usage, and other financial results;
- our ability to increase market share and effectively respond to and mitigate the impact of challenges in the current market environment, including the extensive competition in our industry and new product introductions from other industry participants, including in both the Lapidus market and the minimally invasive osteotomy market;
- our ability to control and reduce expenses to help offset changes in revenue growth rates and other events;
- our plans and expected timeline related to our products, or developing or acquiring new products, to address additional indications or otherwise, and the timing and extent that customers adopt and continue to use our products;
- our ability to maintain sufficient balance sheet strength to continue executing on our strategic investments and growth initiatives for the foreseeable future;
- expected seasonality;
- the impact of inflationary pressures, interest rate changes, evolving or increased tariffs, changes in trade policy or global trade disruptions, business downturns, and general economic conditions on the overall state of the economy, on patient behavior and demand for elective surgeries, on customers' and suppliers' operations, and on our business;
- our expectations regarding government and third-party payor coverage and reimbursement;
- the economic success and viability of the hospitals, ambulatory surgery centers and other health care facilities and surgeons that use our products;
- our estimates of our expenses, ongoing losses, future revenue, capital requirements and our need for, or ability to obtain, additional financing or refinance outstanding debt;
- our expected uses of our existing cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities and the sufficiency of such resources to fund our planned operations;
- our ability to retain and recruit key personnel and optimize our existing sales and marketing infrastructure;
- our ability to obtain an adequate supply of materials and components for our products, some of which are single-source suppliers;
- our ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection for our products;
- our ability to protect and enforce our intellectual property, and the time and expense involved in monitoring unauthorized uses of our intellectual property, including in connection with the lawsuits we initiated in October 2024 and May 2025;

- our ability to successfully defend against infringement of our intellectual property by third parties, including our competitors;
- the impact on our operations, business, supply chain, patient demand for elective surgeries, and hospital and surgeon availability as a result of natural or other disasters, including hurricanes, floods, tornadoes and other climate-related events, power loss, strikes or other events beyond our control;
- our ability to obtain, maintain and expand regulatory clearances for our products and any new products we develop or acquire;
- our ability to expand our business in current and new geographic markets;
- our compliance with Nasdaq requirements and government laws, rules and regulations;
- the impact of geopolitical tensions and international conflicts on the economy and our business;
- the impact of a bankruptcy filing by any of our customers;
- our plans to conduct further clinical studies;
- the outcome and expense of pending and threatened litigation, including a pending purported federal securities class action; and
- the effect of any infectious disease outbreak and its impact or potential impact on our business or on the healthcare industry, particularly elective surgeries where our products are used.

We believe that it is important to communicate our future expectations to our investors. However, there may be events in the future that we are not able to accurately predict or control and that may cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations we describe in our forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about our business and the industry in which we operate, and management's beliefs and assumptions, and are not guarantees of future performance or development and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors many of which are beyond our control. As a result, any or all of our forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report may turn out to be inaccurate. Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations include, among other things, those set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 and any subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and this Quarterly Report under "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. Readers are urged to consider these factors carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report. Except as required by law, we assume no obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements for any reason, even if new information becomes available in the future. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee that the future results, levels of activity, performance or events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur. We undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of this Quarterly Report to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations. If we update one or more forward-looking statements, no inference should be drawn that we will make additional updates with respect to those or other forward-looking statements.

You should read this Quarterly Report and the documents that we reference in this Quarterly Report and have filed with the SEC as exhibits to this Quarterly Report with the understanding that our actual future results, levels of activity, performance and events and circumstances may be materially different from what we expect.

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Financial Statements.

TREACE MEDICAL CONCEPTS, INC.
Condensed Balance Sheets
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(unaudited)

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,052	\$ 11,350
Marketable securities, short-term	61,237	64,327
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,562 and \$1,326 as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively	30,333	40,803
Inventories	42,397	39,255
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	5,583	5,667
Total current assets	147,602	161,402
Property and equipment, net	29,708	25,953
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,900 and \$1,425 as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively	7,600	8,075
Goodwill	12,815	12,815
Operating lease right-of-use assets	8,042	8,442
Other non-current assets	676	407
Total assets	\$ 206,443	\$ 217,094
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 19,959	\$ 10,522
Accrued liabilities	6,192	7,197
Accrued commissions	5,328	10,121
Accrued compensation	7,064	6,575
Other liabilities	3,357	510
Total current liabilities	41,900	34,925
Long-term debt, net	53,454	53,306
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion	13,437	15,934
Other long-term liabilities	37	37
Total liabilities	108,828	104,202
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024; 0 shares issued as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized; 63,120,204 and 62,385,101 shares issued as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively	63	62
Additional paid-in capital	321,508	303,004
Accumulated deficit	(223,310)	(189,990)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	50	97
Treasury stock, at cost; 77,890 and 23,391 shares as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively	(696)	(281)
Total stockholders' equity	97,615	112,892
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 206,443	\$ 217,094

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

TREACE MEDICAL CONCEPTS, INC.
Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss
(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(unaudited)

	<u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Revenue	\$ 47,387	\$ 44,455	\$ 99,957	\$ 95,563
Cost of goods sold	9,635	8,781	20,312	18,908
Gross profit	37,752	35,674	79,645	76,655
Operating expenses				
Sales and marketing	33,084	37,681	69,206	78,009
Research and development	5,498	5,157	11,060	10,416
General and administrative	16,144	14,218	31,935	28,580
Total operating expenses	54,726	57,056	112,201	117,005
Loss from operations	(16,974)	(21,382)	(32,556)	(40,350)
Interest income	775	1,376	1,616	2,911
Interest expense	(1,321)	(1,312)	(2,632)	(2,629)
Other income, net	122	112	252	186
Other non-operating income (expense), net	(424)	176	(764)	468
Net loss	\$ (17,398)	\$ (21,206)	\$ (33,320)	\$ (39,882)
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities	(7)	(95)	(47)	(189)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (17,405)	\$ (21,301)	\$ (33,367)	\$ (40,071)
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.28)	\$ (0.34)	\$ (0.53)	\$ (0.64)
Weighted-average shares used in computing net loss per share, basic and diluted	63,006,891	62,081,494	62,843,337	61,937,140

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

TREACE MEDICAL CONCEPTS, INC.
Condensed Statements of Stockholders' Equity
(in thousands, except share amounts)
(unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Treasury Stock	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Outstanding Shares	Amount					
Balances at December 31, 2024	62,361,710	\$ 62	\$ 303,004	\$ (189,990)	\$ 97	\$ (281)	\$ 112,892
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	82,829	1	118	—	—	—	119
Issuance of common stock for vesting of restricted stock units	499,572	—	—	—	—	—	—
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	8,693	—	—	—	8,693
Net loss	—	—	—	(15,922)	—	—	(15,922)
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale marketable securities	—	—	—	—	(40)	—	(40)
Shares directly withheld from employees for tax payment	(52,605)	—	—	—	—	(401)	(401)
Balances at March 31, 2025	62,891,506	\$ 63	\$ 311,815	\$ (205,912)	\$ 57	\$ (682)	\$ 105,341
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	87,313	—	116	—	—	—	116
Issuance of common stock for vesting of restricted stock units	65,389	—	—	—	—	—	—
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	9,577	—	—	—	9,577
Net loss	—	—	—	(17,398)	—	—	(17,398)
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale marketable securities	—	—	—	—	(7)	—	(7)
Shares directly withheld from employees for tax payment	(1,894)	—	—	—	—	(14)	(14)
Balances at June 30, 2025	63,042,314	\$ 63	\$ 321,508	\$ (223,310)	\$ 50	\$ (696)	\$ 97,615
Balances at December 31, 2023	61,749,654	\$ 62	\$ 271,973	\$ (134,247)	\$ 163	\$ (13)	\$ 137,938
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	20,294	—	52	—	—	—	52
Issuance of common stock for vesting of restricted stock units	177,610	—	—	—	—	—	—
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	7,408	—	—	—	7,408
Net loss	—	—	—	(18,676)	—	—	(18,676)
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale marketable securities	—	—	—	—	(94)	—	(94)
Shares directly withheld from employees for tax payment	(18,386)	—	—	—	—	(237)	(237)
Balances at March 31, 2024	61,929,172	\$ 62	\$ 279,433	\$ (152,923)	\$ 69	\$ (250)	\$ 126,391
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	209,288	—	311	—	—	—	311
Issuance of common stock for vesting of restricted stock units	36,781	—	—	—	—	—	—
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	6,740	—	—	—	6,740
Net loss	—	—	—	(21,206)	—	—	(21,206)
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale marketable securities	—	—	—	—	(95)	—	(95)
Balances at June 30, 2024	62,175,241	\$ 62	\$ 286,484	\$ (174,129)	\$ (26)	\$ (250)	\$ 112,141

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

TREACE MEDICAL CONCEPTS, INC.
Condensed Statements of Cash Flows
(in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (33,320)	\$ (39,882)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization expense	5,037	4,025
Provision for allowance for credit losses	581	2,207
Share-based compensation expense	18,270	14,148
Non-cash lease expense	1,133	1,182
Amortization of debt issuance costs	148	149
Amortization (accretion) of premium (discount) on marketable securities, net	(114)	(685)
Other, net	219	159
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions		
Accounts receivable	9,985	10,297
Inventory	(3,142)	(12,034)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	84	185
Other non-current assets	(365)	—
Operating lease liabilities	(1,553)	(1,291)
Accounts payable	9,437	6,238
Accrued liabilities	(5,309)	(5,943)
Other, net	57	127
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>1,148</u>	<u>(21,118)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of available-for-sale marketable securities	(30,249)	(28,711)
Sales and maturities of available-for-sale marketable securities	33,408	60,558
Purchases of property and equipment	(8,310)	(5,656)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>(5,151)</u>	<u>26,191</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from insurance premium financing	983	—
Payments on insurance premium financing	(98)	—
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options	235	363
Taxes from withheld shares	(415)	(237)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>705</u>	<u>126</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(3,298)</u>	<u>5,199</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	11,350	12,982
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 8,052</u>	<u>\$ 18,181</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 2,495	\$ 2,490
Operating lease right-of-use asset and lease liability adjustment due to lease incentive	\$ —	\$ 86
Noncash investing activities		
Unrealized (gains) losses, net on marketable securities	\$ 47	\$ 189
Unsettled matured marketable security and receivable from broker	\$ —	\$ 2,000
Noncash financing activities		
Legal cost financing	\$ 228	\$ —

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed financial statements.

TREACE MEDICAL CONCEPTS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Financial Statements
(unaudited)

1. Formation and Business of the Company

Treace Medical Concepts, Inc. (the "Company") is a medical technology company with the goal of advancing the standard of care for the surgical management of bunion and related midfoot deformities. The Company has pioneered and patented the Lapiplasty[®] 3D Bunion Correction System—a combination of instruments, implants, and surgical methods designed to surgically correct all three planes of the bunion deformity and secure the unstable joint, addressing the root cause of the bunion and helping patients get back to their active lifestyles. To further support the needs of surgeons and bunion patients, the Company has expanded its product offerings to continue to execute its strategy of becoming a comprehensive bunion solutions company and further penetrating the bunion market opportunity. The Company operates from its corporate headquarters located in Ponte Vedra, Florida.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company prepared the unaudited interim condensed financial statements included in this report in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") related to quarterly reports on Form 10-Q.

Basis of Presentation

The condensed financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the Company's annual financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, filed with the SEC on February 27, 2025. The condensed financial statements included herein reflect all adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for future quarters or for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025.

Any reference in these notes to applicable guidance is meant to refer to the authoritative GAAP as found in the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") and Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU") of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB").

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Although these estimates are based on the Company's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, actual results may ultimately materially differ from these estimates and assumptions.

Significant estimates and assumptions include valuation of intangible assets and goodwill, reserves and write-downs related to accounts receivable, inventories, the recoverability of long-term assets, deferred tax assets and related valuation allowances, contingencies, and stock-based compensation.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of risk consist principally of cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities, and accounts receivable. The Company maintains its cash with established financial institutions and has exposure for balances in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limits. The Company's available-for-sale securities portfolio primarily consists of U.S. treasury and agency securities, money market funds, commercial paper, Yankee CDs, high credit quality asset-backed securities and corporate debt securities. The Company's investment policy requires its available-for-sale securities to meet certain criteria including investment type, credit ratings, and a maximum portfolio duration of one year.

The Company earns revenue from the sale of its products to customers such as hospitals, ambulatory surgery centers, and stocking distributors. The Company's accounts receivable is derived from revenue earned from customers. On June 30, 2025

and December 31, 2024, no customer accounted for more than 10% of accounts receivable. For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, there were no customers that represented 10% or more of revenue.

Segments

The Company is a single reportable segment entity, which is in the business of designing, manufacturing, and marketing medical devices for physicians, surgeons, ambulatory surgery centers and hospitals related to the surgical management of bunion and related midfoot deformities. The Company's chief executive officer is the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). The CODM regularly reviews entity-wide net income and operating results compared to budget and forecast information to assess the Company's performance and to allocate resources for its single reporting segment. The measure of profit or loss is reported in the Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss. The measure of segment assets is reported on the Company's Condensed Balance Sheets. The Company does not have any intra-entity sales or transfers. All long-lived assets are maintained in the United States.

Rental Income

The Company recorded rental income for its subleases of \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The Company recorded rental income for its subleases of \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. All subleases are classified as operating leases.

3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740) ("ASC 740")*. The update requires all public business entities on an annual basis to (1) disclose specific categories in the rate reconciliation and (2) provide additional information for reconciling items that meet a quantitative threshold and an explanation, if not otherwise evident, of the individual reconciling items disclosed, such as the nature, effect, and underlying causes of the reconciling items and the judgment used in categorizing the reconciling items. In addition, the update requires certain new disclosures of the amount of income taxes paid (net of refunds received) disaggregated by federal, state, and foreign taxes and the amount of income taxes paid (net of refunds received) disaggregated by individual jurisdictions in which income taxes paid is equal to or greater than five percent of total income taxes paid (net of refunds received). Other new disclosures required include income (or loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense (or benefit) disaggregated between domestic and foreign and income tax expense (or benefit) from continuing operations disaggregated by federal, state, and foreign. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments are to be applied on a prospective basis, with retrospective application permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new standard on its financial statements and related disclosures.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures Topic 220-40 ("ASC 220-40")*. The update requires all public business entities at interim and annual reporting periods to disclose in (1) a tabular format the amounts of certain specified natural expenses included in each relevant expense caption: the purchases of inventory, employee compensation, depreciation, and intangible asset amortization, (2) a qualitative description of the amounts remaining in relevant expense captions that are not separately disaggregated, and (3) the total amount of selling expenses and an entity's definition of selling expenses annually. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments are to be applied on a prospective basis, with retrospective application permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new standard on its financial statements and related disclosures.

4. Fair Value Measurements

Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value in the condensed financial statements are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Hierarchical levels which are directly related to the amount of subjectivity associated with the inputs to the valuation of these assets or liabilities are as follows:

Level 1—Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2—Inputs are observable, unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, unadjusted quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not

active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the related assets or liabilities.

Level 3—Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability only used when there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date. This hierarchy requires the Company to use observable market data, when available, and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs when determining fair value.

Assets and Liabilities Measured and Recorded at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis—The following assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025			Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:				
Cash equivalents				
Money market funds	\$ 2,574	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,574
Short-term marketable securities at fair value				
U.S. treasury and government agencies	12,022	1,500	—	13,522
Corporate debt	—	28,609	—	28,609
Asset-backed securities	—	15,756	—	15,756
Yankee CD	—	3,350	—	3,350
Total assets	\$ 14,596	\$ 49,215	\$ —	\$ 63,811
	December 31, 2024			Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:				
Cash equivalents				
Money market funds	\$ 4,798	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4,798
Corporate debt	—	1,197	—	1,197
Short-term marketable securities at fair value				
U.S. treasury and government agencies	10,008	—	—	10,008
Commercial paper	—	495	—	495
Corporate debt	—	32,269	—	32,269
Asset-backed securities	—	14,781	—	14,781
Yankee CD	—	6,774	—	6,774
Total assets	\$ —	\$ 55,516	\$ —	\$ 70,322

The carrying amounts of the Company's money market funds classified as cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities, approximate their fair value due to the short-term nature of these assets and liabilities. Based on the borrowing rates currently available to the Company for debt with similar terms and consideration of default and credit risk, the carrying value of the term loan approximates fair value.

The Company's available-for-sale securities portfolio may consist of investments in U.S. treasury and government agency securities, commercial paper, corporate debt securities, asset-backed securities, and Yankee CDs. Yankee CDs are certificates of deposit issued in the United States by a branch of a foreign bank and are denominated in U.S. dollars. The fair value of Level 1 securities is determined on trade prices in active markets for identical assets. The fair value of Level 2 securities is determined using valuation models using inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets, interest rates, yield curves, credit spreads, default rates, loss severity, broker and dealer quotes, as well as other relevant economic measures.

There were no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

5. Balance Sheet Components

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Cash	\$ 5,478	\$ 5,355
Cash equivalents:		
Money market funds	2,574	4,798
Corporate debt	—	1,197
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,052	\$ 11,350

Marketable Securities

The Company's available-for-sale marketable securities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Marketable securities—short-term				
U.S. treasury and government agencies	\$ 13,520	\$ 3	\$ (1)	\$ 13,522
Corporate debt	28,571	41	(3)	28,609
Asset-backed securities	15,746	12	(2)	15,756
Yankee CD	3,350	—	—	3,350
Total marketable securities—short-term	\$ 61,187	\$ 56	\$ (6)	\$ 61,237
	December 31, 2024			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Marketable securities—short-term				
U.S. treasury and government agencies	\$ 9,998	\$ 10	\$ —	\$ 10,008
Commercial paper	495	—	—	495
Corporate debt	32,216	55	(2)	32,269
Asset-backed securities	14,747	35	(1)	14,781
Yankee CD	6,774	—	—	6,774
Total marketable securities—short-term	\$ 64,230	\$ 100	\$ (3)	\$ 64,327

As of June 30, 2025, there were no available-for-sale securities with unrealized losses greater than 12 months. An allowance for credit losses was not required for available-for-sale securities as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company had no plans to sell securities with unrealized losses, and believes it is more likely than not that it would not be required to sell such securities before recovery of their amortized cost. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, there were no material gains or losses from sales of available-for-sale securities.

As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, accrued interest of \$0.6 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, is excluded from the amortized cost basis of available-for-sale securities in the tables above and is recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets on the Condensed Balance Sheets.

As of June 30, 2025, all marketable securities mature within two years, except for asset-backed securities. Asset-backed securities are not due at a single maturity date. As such, these securities were not included.

Property and equipment, net

The Company's property and equipment, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 2,565	\$ 2,565
Construction in progress	863	612
Machinery and equipment	3,526	3,081
Capitalized surgical equipment ¹	29,561	22,669
Computer equipment	1,219	1,160
Leasehold improvements	10,517	10,244
Software and website development	1,037	927
Total property and equipment	49,288	41,258
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(19,580)	(15,305)
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 29,708</u>	<u>\$ 25,953</u>

¹ Capitalized surgical equipment includes \$23.2 million and \$18.3 million that is ready for its intended use and have started depreciating and \$6.4 million and \$4.4 million that is not ready for its intended use and have not started depreciating as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Depreciation and amortization expense on property and equipment was \$2.4 million and \$1.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Depreciation and amortization expense on property and equipment was \$4.6 million and \$3.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Company did not record impairment charges for its property and equipment, net for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

Accrued liabilities

Accrued liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Accrued royalties expense	\$ 1,616	\$ 2,259
Accrued interest	408	420
Accrued professional services	1,407	337
Accrued compensation expense for RPM-3D earn-out ¹	—	2,125
Other accrued expense	2,761	2,056
Total accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 6,192</u>	<u>\$ 7,197</u>

¹ On June 12, 2023, the Company acquired certain assets of MIOS Marketing, LLC d/b/a RedPoint Medical3D ("RPM-3D") that included an earn-out payment related to the technological advancements and patent milestones, which was paid on January 15, 2025.

Other liabilities

Other liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	\$ 2,090	\$ 413
Short-term debt ¹	1,113	—
Other	154	97
Total other liabilities	<u>\$ 3,357</u>	<u>\$ 510</u>

¹ See Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," for information regarding the legal cost financing related to the lawsuit against Stryker Corporation and its subsidiary Wright Medical Technology, Inc. Short-term debt includes \$0.2 million in financed legal costs as of June 30, 2025 and reflects the amount that may be called within the next twelve months. In addition, short-term debt includes \$0.9 million of insurance premiums payable over the next nine months.

6. Long-Term Debt

The Company's long-term debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
<i>Revolving line of credit</i>		
MidCap revolving loan facility	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000
<i>Term loans</i>		
MidCap term loan facility	50,000	50,000
Total term and revolving loans	54,000	54,000
Less: debt discount and issuance costs	(546)	(694)
Total long-term debt, net	\$ 53,454	\$ 53,306

As of June 30, 2025, future payments of long-term debt were as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year	
2025	\$ —
2026	—
2027	54,000
Total principal payments	54,000
Less: Unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs	(546)
Total long-term debt, net	\$ 53,454

MidCap Loan and Revolving Loan Facility

On April 29, 2022, the Company entered into a five-year \$150.0 million loan facility with entities affiliated with MidCap Financial Trust ("MidCap"), providing up to \$120.0 million in a term loan facility and a \$30.0 million revolving loan facility.

The term loan facility provides for a 60-month term loan up to \$120.0 million in borrowing capacity to the Company, over four tranches. At term loan closing, the Company drew \$50.0 million under tranche one. At June 30, 2025, all term loan tranches are expired and are no longer available to draw.

The revolving loan facility provides up to \$30.0 million in borrowing capacity to the Company based on the borrowing base. The borrowing base is calculated based on certain accounts receivable and inventory assets. As of June 30, 2025, the borrowing base allows \$21.4 million of remaining availability to the Company under the revolving loan facility, net of the \$4.0 million balance drawn. The Company may request an increase in the revolving loan facility in an amount up to \$20.0 million for a total commitment of up to \$50.0 million. The Company is required to either (i) maintain a minimum drawn balance under the revolving loan facility or (ii) pay a minimum balance fee that is equal to the amount of the minimum balance deficit multiplied by the applicable interest rate during the period. If the outstanding balance under the revolving loan facility exceeds the lesser of (i) 50% of the revolving borrowing capacity or (ii) 50% of the borrowing base, or the Company is in default, MidCap will apply funds collected from the Company's lockbox account to reduce the outstanding balance of the revolving loan facility ("Lockbox Deductions"). As of June 30, 2025, the Company's borrowing level has not activated the Lockbox Deductions, nor is it expected for the next 12 months; therefore, the Company has determined that the revolving loan balance is long-term debt.

The loans bear interest at an annual rate based on a 30-day forward looking secured overnight financing rate plus 0.10% (subject to a floor of 1.0% and a cap of 3.0% for both loan agreements) plus (i) 6.0% under the term loan agreement and (ii) 4.0% under the revolving loan facility. Interest is payable monthly in arrears on the first day of each month and on the maturity of the loan agreements. The term loan and the revolving loan facility are accruing interest as of June 30, 2025 at the capped interest rates of 9% and 7%, respectively. The Company is obligated to pay interest only for the first 48 months and straight-line amortization for the remaining 12 months, subject to the Company's option to extend the initial interest-only period by 12 months to 60 months total if the Company's trailing twelve-month revenue is at or above certain levels. As of June 30, 2025, the Company meets the revenue levels required to extend the initial interest period to 60 months and we intend to extend the interest-only period. If the term loan is repaid before the maturity date or the revolving loan facility is terminated before the end of its term, the prepayment fees are 3.0% of the amount repaid in the first year, 2.0% in the second year and 1.0% in the third year and thereafter, and a final payment fee of 3.0% of the amount borrowed is due under the term loan. The revolving loan facility prepayment fees are based on the revolving loan commitment amount.

The loans are secured by substantially all of the Company's assets, including intellectual property. The loan agreements and other ancillary loan documents contain customary representations and warranties and affirmative and negative covenants. Under the loan agreements, the Company is not required to meet any minimum level of revenue if liquidity (defined as unrestricted cash plus undrawn availability under the revolving loan agreement) is greater than the outstanding balance under the term loan. If liquidity falls below such outstanding balance, then the Company is subject to a minimum trailing twelve-month revenue covenant. The Company is not subject to this covenant at June 30, 2025.

Legal Cost Financing

On March 25, 2025, the Company entered into an agreement with its primary legal counsel related to the pending patent and antitrust dispute with Stryker Corporation and its subsidiary Wright Medical Technology, Inc. (collectively, "Stryker") to defer payment of certain legal costs incurred in 2025 and 2026 related to the Stryker dispute. The agreement anticipates that the amount financed by the Company would not exceed \$5.0 million over this two-year period. The deferred portion of the legal costs bear interest at 10% per annum. The total principal and interest financed is scheduled to be repaid in twelve equal monthly installments beginning January 2027. However, if certain thresholds for the currently paid portion of legal costs are not reached in 2025 and 2026, primary counsel has the option to require a portion of the deferred balances up to the current threshold amount to be reallocated to currently due. The amount of legal costs that are not deferred are due according to normal billing terms and are subject to certain contractual thresholds. All current and deferred legal costs are expensed as incurred. All amounts financed as of June 30, 2025 are classified as current debt and are included in other liabilities on the Condensed Balance Sheets as the primary legal counsel has the option to reallocate the deferred legal costs to currently due up to the threshold. See Note 5, "Balance Sheet Components," for additional information on the amounts of the deferred legal costs.

7. Commitments and Contingencies

License and Royalty Commitments

The Company has entered into product development and fee for service agreements with members of its Surgeon Advisory Board and other surgeon consultants that specify the terms under which the consultant is compensated for his or her consulting services and grants the Company rights to the intellectual property created by the consultant in the course of such services. As products are commercialized with the assistance of members of the Surgeon Advisory Board and other surgeon consultants, the Company may agree to enter into a royalty agreement if such consultant's contributions to the product are novel, significant and innovative.

As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company has royalty agreements with certain surgeon consultants. The Company recognized royalty expense for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 of \$1.5 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, resulting in an aggregate royalty rate of 3.2% and 3.3%, respectively. The Company recognized royalty expense for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 of \$3.1 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, resulting in an aggregate royalty rate of 3.1% and 3.3%, respectively.

Contingencies

In accordance with applicable accounting standards, the Company establishes an accrued liability for litigation contingencies when those matters present loss contingencies that are both probable and can be reasonably estimated. The Company discloses the nature of the contingency when management believes there is at least a reasonable possibility that the outcome may be material to the Company's financial statements and, where feasible, an estimate of the possible loss. In such cases, there still may be an exposure to loss in excess of any amounts reasonably estimated and accrued. When a loss contingency is not both probable and reasonable estimable, the Company does not establish an accrued liability, but continues to monitor, in conjunction with any outside counsel handling a matter, further developments that would make such loss contingency both probable and reasonably estimable. Once the Company establishes an accrued liability with respect to a loss contingency, the Company continues to monitor the matter for further developments that could affect the amount of the accrued liability that has been previously established, and any appropriate adjustments are made each quarter.

On April 11, 2025, a shareholder filed a class action complaint in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida (captioned *McCluney v. Treace Medical Concepts, Inc. et al.* Case No. 3:25-cv-00390-WWB-PDB) against the Company and certain of its officers on behalf of all persons who purchased or otherwise acquired the Company's stock between May 8, 2023 and May 7, 2024 alleging that the Company and certain of its officers violated the federal securities laws by making false or misleading statements and failing to disclose material adverse facts about our business, operations and prospects. The plaintiffs seek unspecified monetary damages, costs, and attorneys' fees. On July 1, 2025, the court

appointed the lead plaintiff and legal counsel. An amended complaint was filed on July 31, 2025. The action is in the preliminary stage, and the time for defendants to respond to the complaint has not yet passed. We dispute the allegations in the complaint and intend to defend against this complaint vigorously. Based on the preliminary nature of the proceedings in this action, the outcome remains uncertain, and we cannot reasonably estimate the potential impact, if any, on our business or financial statements at this time. We are insured, in excess of a self-retention, for Directors and Officers liability.

There were no accrued contingent liabilities as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

8. Stockholders' Equity

Stock Options

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company did not grant stock options to employees. During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company granted stock options to employees to purchase 852,220 shares of the Company's common stock. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of the employee stock options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$4.96 per share. The Company expects to reduce the use of stock options as long-term equity awards for its executives.

Restricted Stock Units

During the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company granted 2,669,694 and 1,611,642 restricted stock units ("RSUs"), respectively. The weighted average grant-date fair value of RSUs granted during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$8.58 and \$12.54, respectively.

Performance Share Units

The Company grants performance-based restricted stock unit ("PSU") awards subject to market and service vesting conditions to certain executives under the Company's 2021 Incentive Award Plan. The actual number of PSUs that will vest at the end of the measurement period is determined based on the Company's total stockholder return ("TSR") ranking relative to the TSR of a published index of the Company's peers. The measurement period for its outstanding awards is either two or three years. The grant date fair value of each target PSU award was determined using a Monte Carlo valuation model. Over the performance period, if the service vesting conditions are met, the actual number of PSUs earned may vary from zero, if performance thresholds are not met, to as much as 200% or 250% of target PSUs depending on the grant year.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company granted PSUs for 560,625 and 453,375 shares, respectively, at target performance levels. The weighted average grant-date fair value of the PSUs granted during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$11.17 and \$18.89, respectively.

Share-Based Compensation Expense

Share-based compensation expense is reflected in operating expenses in the Condensed Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Cost of goods sold	\$ 98	\$ 91	\$ 197	\$ 181
Sales and marketing expense	2,033	1,591	3,447	3,288
Research and development expense	1,115	1,016	2,240	2,022
General and administrative expense	6,331	4,042	12,386	8,657
Total	\$ 9,577	\$ 6,740	\$ 18,270	\$ 14,148

9. Net Loss Per Share Attributable to Common Stockholders

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to common stockholders which is computed by dividing the net loss attributable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. As the Company reported a net loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, basic net loss per share attributable to common stockholders was the same as diluted net loss per share

attributable to common stockholders as the inclusion of potentially dilutive shares would have been antidilutive if included in the calculation (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Numerator				
Net loss	\$ (17,398)	\$ (21,206)	\$ (33,320)	\$ (39,882)
Denominator				
Weighted-average common stock outstanding, basic and diluted	63,006,891	62,081,494	62,843,337	61,937,140
Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders, basic and diluted	\$ (0.28)	\$ (0.34)	\$ (0.53)	\$ (0.64)

The following potentially dilutive securities outstanding have been excluded from the computation of diluted weighted average shares outstanding because such securities have an antidilutive impact due to the Company's net loss, in common stock equivalent shares:

	As of June 30,	
	2025	2024
Common stock options issued and outstanding	7,460,669	7,860,147
Unvested full value awards	6,275,490	2,500,729
Contingently issuable PSU shares	445,136	—
Total	14,181,295	10,360,876

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our condensed financial statements and related notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Quarterly Report") and our audited financial statements and related notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2024, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 27, 2025 (our "Annual Report"). This discussion and other parts of this Quarterly Report contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, such as statements of our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions that are based on the beliefs of our management, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, our management. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in our Annual Report under "Part I, Item 1A—Risk Factors," and in the section titled "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. Please also see the section of this Quarterly Report titled "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

Overview

We are a medical technology company with the goal of advancing the standard of care for the surgical management of bunion and related midfoot deformities. We have pioneered our proprietary Lapiplasty[®] 3D Bunion Correction System[®]—a combination of instruments, implants and surgical methods designed to surgically correct all three planes of the bunion deformity and secure the unstable joint, addressing the root cause of the bunion and helping patients get back to their active lifestyles. Although bunions are deformities typically caused by an unstable joint in the middle of the foot that leads to a three-dimensional ("3D") misalignment in the foot's anatomical structure, the majority of traditional surgical approaches focus on correcting the deformity from a two-dimensional ("2D") perspective and therefore fail to address the root cause of the disorder. To effectively restore the normal anatomy of bunion patients and improve clinical outcomes, we believe addressing the root cause of the bunion is critical, and have developed the Lapiplasty System to correct the deformity across all three anatomic dimensions. Our other products often used in conjunction with bunion surgery include the Adductoplasty[®] System, the Hammertoe PEEK Fixation System, the SpeedPlate[®] Rapid Compression Implant System, and specialized osteotomes and release instruments. In addition, we recently announced our entrance into the metatarsal osteotomy segment with the Nanoplasty[®] and Percuplasty[™] Procedures, which both allow for a 3D correction of the bunion through cosmetically appealing, minimally invasive solutions. With our Lapiplasty System, new osteotomy systems, and other complementary products, we are continuing to execute our strategy of becoming a comprehensive bunion solutions company and supporting further penetration into the bunion market opportunity. See the "Innovation and Growth" section below for more information on our new products.

We were formed in 2013, and since receiving 510(k) clearance for the Lapiplasty System in March 2015, we have expanded our bunion related products in the United States. We market and sell our products to physicians, surgeons, ambulatory surgery centers, hospitals, and stocking distributors. Our procedures can be performed in either hospital outpatient or ambulatory surgery centers settings, and utilize existing, well-established reimbursement codes. We primarily market and sell our products through a combination of a direct employee sales force and independent sales agencies in the United States.

As of June 30, 2025, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$8.1 million and marketable securities of \$61.2 million available for sale to fund operations, an accumulated deficit of \$223.3 million and \$54.0 million of principal outstanding under our term loan and revolving loan agreements.

Economic Environment

There is continuing uncertainty in the macro-economic environment. Inflationary pressures and interest rate changes may result in higher costs for us. Inflation, recession fears, reduced consumer confidence and other adverse economic conditions also have in the past and may continue to negatively impact consumer demand for the elective surgeries that use our products. While we continuously work with suppliers to mitigate higher costs and continue to invest in our direct sales channel, patient education initiatives, clinical evidence and product innovations to build demand for our products, we expect these macro-economic challenges to continue for the foreseeable future, which likely will impact our results of operations. Adding to these uncertainties are evolving U.S. tariff policies on imports, along with retaliatory tariffs, that may change rapidly. While we expect that the tariffs are likely to increase our inventory costs and reduce gross margins, we do not expect these impacts to be material at the most recently announced tariff rates.

Increased Competition

Before we launched our flagship Lapiplasty System, there were no other products in the market that provided a 3D solution and specialized procedural instrumentation for traditionally freehand, difficult Lapidus surgeries. This allowed us to capitalize on our pioneering technology and grow our market share quickly. We are experiencing increased competition from the accelerating adoption of minimally invasive osteotomy solutions and from new Lapidus products, which has, and may continue to, negatively impact our growth rates and market share.

Innovation and Growth

We expect to continue to focus on long-term revenue growth through investments in our business and new products. In sales and marketing, we have dedicated meaningful resources to building a sales force and management team to support our future growth and to providing bunion-focused surgeon training and patient-focused outreach and education.

In research and development, our employee team and surgeon consultants are continually working on next-generation innovations for the surgical correction of bunions and other conditions that often present with bunions. In early 2024, we introduced expanded SpeedPlate configurations designed to address additional fusion procedures throughout the foot, and in the fourth quarter of 2024, we began the limited market releases of the following new products: (1) the Nanoplasty and Percuplasty Systems, which are minimally-invasive 3D osteotomy systems; (2) IntelliGuide™ PSI Cut Guides for Lapiplasty and Adductoplasty Procedures, which are cut guides created specifically for an individual patient's foot anatomy; (3) the Micro-Lapiplasty® System, which is designed to allow the Lapiplasty Procedure to be performed through a minimally-invasive 2cm incision; (4) the Mini-Adductoplasty™ System, which is designed to allow the Adductoplasty midfoot correction procedure to be performed through an approximately 50% smaller incision; and (5) the SpeedMTP™ Rapid Compression Implant, a specialized implant for addressing bunions through MTP fusions. In the first half of 2025, we began the limited market release of the SpeedAkin™ implant used in Akin osteotomy procedures, the SpeedPlate Micro-Quad implant, and single use osteotomes, including the FeatherRasp™ Rapid Bone Contouring Tool, the GreatRelease™ Rapid MTP Release Instrument, Akinator™ Single-cut Akin Wedge Osteotomy Tool, and Sterile CornerChisel™ Instrument. We expect to continue to expand the commercial availability of these new products and to release other new solutions during 2025.

Intellectual Property Strategy

We actively seek to protect the technology, inventions, and improvements that we consider important to our business using patents, trade secrets, trademarks and copyrights in the United States and foreign markets. As of June 30, 2025, our patent portfolio included 82 granted U.S. patents, with an additional 27 granted patents worldwide and over 150 pending patent applications. In keeping with our strategy of protecting our intellectual property rights, on October 14, 2024, we filed a lawsuit against Stryker Corporation and its subsidiary Wright Medical Technology, Inc. (collectively, "Stryker") alleging infringement of 9 patents related to our innovative Lapiplasty 3D Bunion Correction technologies and unfair competition. The suit was filed in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey, and seeks injunctive relief and damages. In addition, on May 12, 2025, we filed a lawsuit against Zimmer Biomet Holdings, Inc. and Paragon 28, Inc. (collectively, "ZB") alleging infringement of 4 patents related to our innovative Lapiplasty 3D Bunion Correction technologies. The suit was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware and seeks injunctive relief and damages. On August 5, 2025, we filed an amended complaint alleging infringement of an additional patent.

Market Share Growth

The growth of our business depends on our ability to gain broader acceptance of our proprietary procedures and systems by successfully marketing and distributing these products. While surgeon adoption of our products and procedures remains critical to supporting revenue growth, hospital and ambulatory surgery center facility approvals are necessary for existing and future surgeon customers to access our products. To facilitate greater access to our products and support future sales growth, we intend to continue educating hospitals and facility administrators on the differentiated benefits associated with our procedures and systems, supported by our robust portfolio of clinical data on our existing procedures and additional clinical data we expect to develop on our new products. If we are unable to successfully continue to commercialize our procedures and systems, we may not be able to generate sufficient revenue to achieve or sustain profitability. In the near term, we expect we will continue to operate at a loss, and we anticipate we will finance our operations principally through the use of our cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, and expected revenues. We may also raise funds by incurring debt and through offerings of our capital stock.

Seasonality

We have experienced and expect to continue to experience seasonality in our business, with higher sales volumes in the fourth calendar quarter, historically accounting for approximately 30% to 40% of full year revenues, and lower sales volumes in the subsequent first calendar quarter. Our sales volumes in the fourth quarter tend to be higher as many patients elect to have surgery after meeting their annual deductible and having time to recover over the winter holidays. Our sales volumes in subsequent first calendar quarters also tend to be lower versus the prior year fourth quarters as a result of adverse weather and by resetting annual patient healthcare insurance plan deductibles, both of which may cause patients to delay elective procedures; however, in some years the first quarter may benefit from additional sales volumes when high patient demand for surgeries in the fourth quarter cannot be fully accommodated and those surgical procedures are rolled over into the first quarter. In addition to the seasonality noted above, we expect lower sales volumes in the second and third quarters than throughout the rest of the year as elective procedures generally decline during the spring and summer months.

Coverage and Reimbursement

Hospitals, ambulatory surgery centers and surgeons that purchase or use our products generally rely on third-party payors to reimburse for all or part of the costs and fees associated with procedures using our products. As a result, sales of our products depend, in part, on the extent to which the procedures using our products are covered by third-party payors, including government programs such as Medicare and Medicaid, private insurance plans and managed care programs. Based on historical claims data, more than 60% of all bunion surgical cases are paid by private payors.

Medicare payment rates to hospital outpatient departments are set under the Medicare hospital outpatient prospective payment system, which groups clinically similar hospital outpatient procedures and services with similar costs to ambulatory payment classifications ("APCs"). Each APC is assigned a single lump sum payment rate, which includes payment for the primary procedure as well as any integral, ancillary, and adjunctive services. The primary current procedure terminology ("CPT") codes for the Lapiplasty Procedure, CPT 28297 and CPT 28740, are grouped together under APC 5114. For Lapiplasty Procedures in which fusion is performed on multiple tarsometatarsal ("TMT") joints, CPT 28730 applies and is classified under APC 5115. For Adductoplasty Procedures in which fusion is performed on multiple TMT joints, either CPT 28730 or CPT 27835 applies and are classified under APC 5115.

Components of Our Results of Operations

Revenue

We currently generate revenue from the sale of our implant kit systems, single-use sterile instruments, and other complementary products. Our systems bring together single-use implant kits, reusable instrument trays, and surgical techniques. We sell the kits and single-use instruments and other products to physicians, surgeons, hospitals, ambulatory surgery centers, and stocking distributors in the United States through a network of employee sales representatives and independent sales agencies.

No single customer accounted for 10% or more of our revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2025. We expect our revenue to increase in absolute dollars in the foreseeable future as we expand our product offerings, new accounts and trained physician base, and as existing physician customers perform more Lapiplasty and other procedures using our products, though our rate of revenue growth may fluctuate from quarter to quarter due to a variety of factors, including seasonality, the macro-economic environment and competition.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold consists primarily of direct costs for the purchase of our products from third-party manufacturers. Cost of goods sold also includes royalties, overhead, shipping costs, sterilization, and packaging. We expense all inventory provisions for excess, obsolete, and field losses as cost of goods sold. We evaluate the carrying value of our inventories in relation to historical sales, current inventory levels, and consideration of the life cycle of the product. A significant decrease in demand or development of products could result in an increase in the amount of excess or obsolete inventory on hand, which could lead to additional provisions. We expect our cost of goods sold to increase in absolute dollars in the foreseeable future to the extent more of our products are sold, though it may fluctuate from quarter to quarter.

Gross Profit and Gross Margin

We calculate gross profit as revenue less cost of goods sold, and gross margin as gross profit divided by revenue. Our gross margin has been and will continue to be affected by a variety of factors, primarily average selling prices, production, and ordering volumes, change in mix of customers, third-party manufacturing costs and cost-reduction strategies. We expect our gross profit to increase in the foreseeable future as our revenue grows, though our gross margin may fluctuate from quarter to quarter due to changes in average selling prices as we introduce new products, and as we adopt new manufacturing processes and technologies.

Operating Expenses***Sales and Marketing***

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of compensation for personnel, including salaries, bonuses, benefits, sales commissions and share-based compensation, related to selling and marketing functions, surgical instrument expense, physician education programs, training, shipping costs related to sending products to our sales representatives, travel expenses, marketing initiatives including our direct-to-patient outreach program and advertising, market research and analysis and conferences and trade shows.

Research and Development

Research and development ("R&D") expenses consist primarily of engineering, product development, clinical studies to develop and support our products, regulatory expenses, and other costs associated with products and technologies that are in development. These expenses include compensation for personnel, including salaries, bonuses, benefits and share-based compensation, supplies, consulting, prototyping, testing, materials, travel expenses, depreciation, and allocated facilities-related expenses. We expect R&D expenses to continue to increase in absolute dollars in the foreseeable future as we continue to hire personnel and invest in next-generation innovations of our existing products and new products, though it may fluctuate from quarter to quarter due to a variety of factors, including the level and timing of our new product development efforts, as well as our clinical development, clinical studies and other related activities.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of compensation for personnel, including salaries, bonuses, benefits, and share-based compensation, related to finance, information technology, legal and human resource functions, as well as professional services fees (including legal, audit and tax fees), insurance costs, general corporate expenses, and allocated facilities-related expenses.

Interest Income

Interest income consists of interest received on our money market funds and marketable securities.

Interest Expense

Interest expense consists of interest incurred and amortization of debt discount and issuance costs related to outstanding borrowings.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the periods presented below (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Change		Six Months Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	%	2025	2024	Amount	%
Revenue	\$ 47,387	\$ 44,455	\$ 2,932	6.6 %	\$ 99,957	\$ 95,563	\$ 4,394	4.6 %
Cost of goods sold	9,635	8,781	854	9.7 %	20,312	18,908	1,404	7.4 %
Gross profit	37,752	35,674	2,078	5.8 %	79,645	76,655	2,990	3.9 %
Operating expenses								
Sales and marketing	33,084	37,681	(4,597)	(12.2) %	69,206	78,009	(8,803)	(11.3) %
Research and development	5,498	5,157	341	6.6 %	11,060	10,416	644	6.2 %
General and administrative	16,144	14,218	1,926	13.5 %	31,935	28,580	3,355	11.7 %
Total operating expenses	54,726	57,056	(2,330)	(4.1) %	112,201	117,005	(4,804)	(4.1) %
Loss from operations	(16,974)	(21,382)	4,408	(20.6) %	(32,556)	(40,350)	7,794	(19.3) %
Interest income	775	1,376	(601)	(43.7) %	1,616	2,911	(1,295)	(44.5) %
Interest expense	(1,321)	(1,312)	(9)	0.7 %	(2,632)	(2,629)	(3)	0.1 %
Other income, net	122	112	10	8.9 %	252	186	66	35.5 %
Other non-operating income (expense), net	(424)	176	(600)	(340.9) %	(764)	468	(1,232)	(263.2) %
Net loss	\$ (17,398)	\$ (21,206)	\$ 3,808	(18.0) %	\$ (33,320)	\$ (39,882)	\$ 6,562	(16.5) %

Comparison of the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

Revenue. Revenue increased by \$2.9 million, or 6.6%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The increase was primarily driven by an increase in the number of bunion procedure kits sold, partially offset by lower average selling prices of our newest bunion procedure kits.

Cost of Goods Sold, Gross Profit and Gross Margin. Cost of goods sold increased by \$0.9 million, or 9.7%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The increase in cost of goods sold was primarily due to a \$0.6 million increase in direct cost of goods sold resulting from increased sales and a \$0.2 increase in inventory provisions. During the three months ended June 30, 2025, gross profit increased by \$2.1 million, or 5.8%, as compared to the same period in 2024, due to increased sales. Gross profit margin for the three months ended June 30, 2025 decreased from 80.2% to 79.7%, as compared to the same period in 2024, primarily due to lower margin sales to stocking distributors and increases in inventory provisions, partially offset by a shift in product mix.

Sales and Marketing Expenses. Sales and marketing expenses decreased by \$4.6 million, or 12.2%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. Sales and marketing expenses decreased due to a \$2.9 million decrease in payroll and related costs primarily from optimizing the size and structure of our direct employee sales force, a \$2.6 million decrease in direct to consumer advertising costs, and a \$0.7 million decrease in commissions from a shift in customer mix, partially offset by a \$0.6 million increase for surgeon training and clinical-related expenses, a \$0.5 million increase from higher costs for conferences and events, and a \$0.3 million increase in surgical instrument expense from a higher volume of surgical instruments.

Research and Development Expenses. R&D expenses increased by \$0.3 million, or 6.6%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The increase in R&D expenses was primarily due to a \$0.8 million increase in payroll and related costs from increased headcount of R&D personnel, including stock compensation expense, partially offset by a \$0.3 million decrease in compensation expense related to the milestone obligation for our acquisition of RPM-3D that was incurred in the second quarter of 2024 but not in the second quarter of 2025.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by \$1.9 million, or 13.5%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The increase in general and administrative expenses was due to \$3.2 million in higher payroll and related costs, including stock compensation expense, and a \$0.6 million increase in legal fees, partially offset by a \$2.0 million decrease in the provision for allowance for credit losses related to a \$2.1 million write-off of receivables from a customer that filed bankruptcy in the second quarter of 2024 and a \$0.2 million decrease in compensation expense related to the milestone obligation for our acquisition of RPM-3D that was incurred in the second quarter of 2024 but not in the second quarter of 2025.

Interest Income. Interest income decreased \$0.6 million, or 43.7%, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The decrease in interest income was primarily due to lower balances invested in marketable securities during the current year period.

Comparison of the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

Revenue. Revenue increased by \$4.4 million, or 4.6%, for the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The increase was primarily driven by an increase in the number of bunion procedure kits sold, partially offset by lower average selling prices of our newest bunion procedure kits.

Cost of Goods Sold, Gross Profit and Gross Margin. Cost of goods sold increased by \$1.4 million, or 7.4%, for the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The increase in cost of goods sold was primarily due to a \$1.0 million increase in inventory provisions and a \$0.5 million increase in direct costs of goods sold resulting from increased sales. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, gross profit increased by \$3.0 million, or 3.9%, as compared to the same period in 2024, due to increased sales. Gross profit margin for the six months ended June 30, 2025 decreased from 80.2% to 79.7%, as compared to the same period in 2024, primarily due to increases in inventory provisions and lower margin sales to stocking distributors, partially offset by a shift in product mix.

Sales and Marketing Expenses. Sales and marketing expenses decreased by \$8.8 million, or 11.3%, for the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. Sales and marketing expenses decreased due to a \$6.4 million decrease in payroll and related costs primarily from optimizing the size and structure of our direct employee sales force, a \$6.3 million decrease in direct to consumer advertising costs, partially offset by a \$2.1 million increase for surgeon training and clinical-related expenses, a \$0.8 million increase in surgical instrument expense from a higher volume of surgical instruments, and a \$0.6 million increase in commissions from higher sales.

Research and Development Expenses. R&D expenses increased by \$0.6 million, or 6.2%, for the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The increase in R&D expenses was primarily due to a \$1.1 million increase in payroll and related costs resulting from increased headcount of R&D personnel, including stock compensation expense, partially offset by a \$0.5 million decrease in compensation expense related to the milestone obligation for our acquisition of RPM-3D that was incurred in the six months ended June 30, 2024 but not in the six months ended June 30, 2025.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by \$3.4 million, or 11.7%, for the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The increase in general and administrative expenses was due to \$5.1 million in higher payroll and related costs, primarily due to higher stock compensation expense, and a \$0.7 million increase in legal fees, partially offset by a \$1.6 million decrease in the provision for allowance for credit losses as compared to the second quarter of 2024 that included a \$2.1 million write-off of receivables due from a customer that filed bankruptcy in the second quarter of 2024 and a decrease of \$1.3 million in compensation expense related to the milestone obligation for our acquisition of RPM-3D that was incurred in the six months ended June 30, 2024 but not in the six months ended June 30, 2025.

Interest Income. Interest income decreased \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The decrease in interest income was primarily due to lower balances invested in marketable securities during the current year period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Before our initial public offering ("IPO"), our primary sources of capital were private placements of common stock and convertible preferred stock, debt financing agreements and revenue from the sale of our products. In April 2021, we received net proceeds of \$107.6 million from our IPO. On February 10, 2023, we received net proceeds of \$107.5 million from a follow-on public offering of our common stock.

As of June 30, 2025, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$8.1 million and marketable securities of \$61.2 million available for sale, an accumulated deficit of \$223.3 million and \$54.0 million of principal outstanding under our term loan and revolving loan agreements. We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, available debt borrowings and expected revenues will be sufficient to meet our capital requirements and fund our operations for at least twelve months from the date of issuance of these condensed financial statements. We may be required or decide to raise additional debt or equity financing to support further growth of our operations.

Funding Requirements

We use our cash, marketable securities, and revenues to fund our operations, which primarily include the costs of manufacturing our products, capital expenditures, as well as our operating expenses. We expect R&D expenses to increase as we continue to hire personnel and invest in next-generation innovations of our existing products and new products. The timing and amount of our operating and capital expenditures and use of available funding will depend on many factors, including:

- the scope and timing of our investment in our commercial infrastructure and sales force;
- the costs of our ongoing commercialization activities including product sales, marketing, manufacturing, and distribution;
- the scope of our marketing efforts, including the degree to which we utilize direct to consumer campaigns;
- the degree and rate of market acceptance of our products;
- the costs of filing, prosecuting, defending and enforcing any patent claims and other intellectual property rights, including enforcing our intellectual property rights against infringing products or technologies or enforcing contractual rights against parties breaching agreements with us, including the litigation proceeding we initiated against Stryker and ZB;
- the research and development activities we intend to undertake to improve the Lapiplasty System and other products, to commercialize PSI technologies, to gain share in the minimally invasive osteotomy market, and to develop or acquire additional products;
- the investments we make in acquiring other technologies, assets or businesses to expand our product portfolio;
- the success or emergence of new competing technologies or other adverse market developments;
- our need to implement additional infrastructure and internal systems;
- competitors' success in inducing surgical facilities to limit their use of our products and surgical facilities' decisions to narrow surgeons' access to our products;
- the effect of inflation, interest rate changes, evolving or increased tariffs, changes in trade policy or global trade disruptions and other general economic conditions on our operations and business;
- any product liability or other lawsuits related to our products;
- the expenses needed to attract and retain skilled personnel; and
- the impact of any infectious disease outbreak or natural or other disaster or event beyond our control on our business or on the healthcare industry, particularly elective surgeries where our products are used.

Based upon our current operating plan, we believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities, and available debt borrowings will enable us to fund our operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next twelve months. We have based this estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong or that may change in the future, and we could utilize our available capital resources sooner than we expect. We may seek to raise any necessary additional capital through public or private equity offerings or debt financings, credit or loan facilities or a combination of one or more of these or other funding sources. Additional funds may not be available to us on acceptable terms or at all. If we fail to obtain necessary capital when needed on acceptable terms, or at all, we could be forced to delay, limit, reduce or terminate our product development programs, commercialization efforts, sales and marketing initiatives, or other operations. If we raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, our stockholders will suffer dilution, and the terms of any financing may adversely affect the rights of our stockholders. In addition, as a condition to provide additional funds to us, future investors may demand, and may be granted, rights superior to those of existing stockholders. Debt financing, if available, is likely to involve restrictive covenants limiting our flexibility in conducting future business activities, and in the event of insolvency, debt holders would be repaid before holders of our equity securities received any distribution of our corporate assets.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth the primary sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents for the periods presented below (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
Net cash (used in) provided by:		
Operating activities	\$ 1,148	\$ (21,118)
Investing activities	(5,151)	26,191
Financing activities	705	126
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (3,298)	\$ 5,199

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was \$1.1 million, consisting primarily of a net loss of \$33.3 million, adjusted for non-cash charges of \$25.3 million and a decrease in net operating assets. The non-cash charges consist primarily of share-based compensation expense of \$18.3 million, depreciation and amortization expense of \$5.0 million, non-cash lease expense of \$1.1 million, and provision for allowance for credit losses of \$0.6 million. The decrease in net operating assets was primarily due to a decrease of \$10.0 million in accounts receivable from collection on higher sales in the fourth quarter of 2024 and an increase in accounts payable of \$9.4 million due to timing of payments, partially offset by a decrease of \$5.3 million in accrued liabilities, specifically from a decrease in accrued commissions from lower sales in the second quarter of 2025 compared to the fourth quarter of 2024, a decrease of \$1.6 million in operating lease liabilities, and an increase of \$3.1 million in inventory.

Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$21.1 million, consisting primarily of a net loss of \$39.9 million, adjusted for non-cash charges of \$21.3 million and an increase in net operating assets. The non-cash charges consist primarily of share-based compensation expense of \$14.1 million, depreciation and amortization expense of \$4.0 million, provision for allowance for credit losses of \$2.2 million primarily due to a significant customer that filed for bankruptcy, and non-cash lease expense of \$1.2 million. The increase in net operating assets was primarily due to an increase of \$12.0 million in inventories to meet demand for new products and a decrease of \$5.9 million in accrued liabilities due to timing of payments, and a \$1.3 million decrease to operating lease liabilities, partially offset by a \$10.3 million decrease in accounts receivable from higher sales in the fourth quarter of 2023 and an increase of \$6.2 million in accounts payable due to timing of payments.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$5.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, consisting primarily of \$30.2 million in purchases of available-for-sale marketable securities and \$8.3 million in purchases of property and equipment, partially offset by \$33.4 million in sales and maturities of available-for-sale marketable securities. The net of marketable securities sales and maturities and purchases of \$3.2 million were primarily used to fund our current operations. The purchases in property and equipment included \$7.2 million in capitalized surgical instruments for the reusable instrument trays related to new products, and \$1.1 million primarily for equipment, software, and leasehold improvements, to support the growth of our business.

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$26.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, consisting primarily of \$60.6 million in sales and maturities of available-for-sale marketable securities, partially offset by \$28.7 million in purchases of available-for-sale marketable securities and \$5.7 million in purchases of property and equipment. The net of marketable securities sales and maturities and purchases of \$31.9 million were primarily used to fund our current operations and provide additional liquidity for the third quarter. The purchases in property and equipment included \$4.9 million in capitalized surgical instruments for the reusable instrument trays related to new products, and \$0.8 million for equipment and leasehold improvements to support the growth of our business.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, consisting primarily of \$1.0 million in proceeds from insurance premium financing and \$0.2 million in proceeds from stock option exercises, partially offset by \$0.4 million of shares repurchased for tax withholding on vested RSUs.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, consisting primarily of \$0.4 million in proceeds from stock option exercises, partially offset by \$0.2 million of shares repurchased for tax withholding on vested RSUs.

Royalty Agreements

We recognized royalty expense of \$1.5 million and \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the aggregate royalty rate was 3.2% and 3.3%, respectively. We recognized royalty expense of \$3.1 million and \$3.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the aggregate royalty rate was 3.1% and 3.3% respectively. Each of the royalty agreements with our surgeon consultants prohibits the payment of royalties on products sold to entities and/or individuals with whom any of the surgeon advisors is affiliated.

Operating Lease

We have commitments for future payments related to our corporate headquarters office located in Ponte Vedra, Florida. We entered into a 10-year lease in February 2022 for our headquarters which expires in July 2032. Lease payments comprise the base rent plus operating costs which include taxes, insurance, and common area maintenance. We also have commitments for future payments related to our former headquarters which expire in April 2026 and have subleased this space for the remainder of our lease term. The remaining lease obligations are \$21.7 million under these leases as of June 30, 2025.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our condensed financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of the condensed financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions for the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses, and related disclosures. Our estimates are based on our historical experience and on various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions and any such differences may be material.

Our critical accounting policies and estimates are described in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in our Annual Report. There were no material changes to these accounting policies during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 3, "Recent Accounting Pronouncements," of the Notes to Condensed Financial Statements for new accounting pronouncements not yet adopted as of this Quarterly Report.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Market Risk

There have been no material changes from the market risk information previously disclosed in our Annual Report under "Part II–Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk."

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

Our management, with the participation and supervision of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in internal control over financial reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rules 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent limitation on the effectiveness of internal control

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Except as described below, we are not a party to any legal proceedings which we believe would have a material adverse effect on our business or results of operations. From time to time, we may become involved in various legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business.

On May 12, 2025, we filed a lawsuit against Zimmer Biomet Holdings, Inc. and Paragon 28, Inc. alleging infringement of 4 patents related to our innovative Lapiplasty 3D Bunion Correction technologies. The suit was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware and seeks injunctive relief and damages. On August 5, 2025, we filed an amended complaint alleging infringement of an additional patent.

On April 11, 2025, a shareholder filed a class action complaint in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida (captioned *McCluney v. Treace Medical Concepts, Inc. et al.* Case No. 3:25-cv-00390-WWB-PDB) against us and certain of our officers on behalf of all persons who purchased or otherwise acquired our stock between May 8, 2023 and May 7, 2024 alleging that we and certain of our current executives violated the federal securities laws by making false or misleading statements and failing to disclose material adverse facts about our business, operations and prospects. Specifically, the complaint alleges that we failed to disclose the impact of competition on demand for and utilization of our products and the need to accelerate our plans to offer a new osteotomy product and that our positive statements about our business, operations, and prospects were materially misleading and/or lacked a reasonable basis. The plaintiffs seek unspecified monetary damages, costs, and attorneys' fees. On July 1, 2025, the court appointed the lead plaintiff and legal counsel. An amended complaint was filed on July 31, 2025. The action is in the preliminary stage; and the time for defendants to respond to the complaint has not yet passed. We dispute the allegations in the complaint and intend to defend against this complaint vigorously. Based on the preliminary nature of the proceedings in this action, the outcome remains uncertain, and we cannot reasonably estimate the potential impact, if any, on our business or financial statements at this time. We are insured, in excess of a self-retention, for Directors and Officers liability.

On October 14, 2024, we filed a lawsuit against Stryker Corporation and its subsidiary Wright Medical Technology, Inc. alleging infringement of 9 patents related to our innovative Lapiplasty 3D Bunion Correction technologies and unfair competition. The suit was filed in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey, and seeks injunctive relief and damages.

On May 23, 2025, Stryker European Operations Holdings LLC and Howmedica Osteonics Corp. filed a suit against us for patent infringement by our hammertoe product. The plaintiffs seek findings of patent infringement, equitable relief, unspecified monetary damages, enhanced damages for willful patent infringement, interest, costs, and attorneys' fees. We dispute the allegations in the complaint, and on August 4, 2025, we moved to dismiss all of the claims in the suit. Based on the preliminary nature of the proceedings in this action, the outcome remains uncertain, and we cannot estimate the potential impact, if any, on our business or financial statements at this time.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K under "Part I, Item 1A—Risk Factors" for the year ended December 31, 2024, filed with the SEC on February 27, 2025.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table presents information with respect to the Company's repurchases of stock during the three months ended June 30, 2025.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1 to April 30, 2025	—	—	—	—
May 1 to May 31, 2025 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1,894	\$ 7.54	—	—
June 1 to June 30, 2025	—	—	—	—
Totals	<u>1,894</u>	<u>\$ 7.54</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>

(1) Includes restricted shares withheld pursuant to the terms of awards under the Company's share-based compensation plans to offset tax withholding obligations that occur upon vesting and release of restricted shares.

(2) The value of the restricted shares withheld is the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date the relevant transaction occurs.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1*+	Incentive Letter Agreement between Treace Medical Concepts, Inc. and Gaetano M. Guglielmino.
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1†	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2†	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema With Embedded Linkbase Documents
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

* Portions of this exhibit have been omitted in accordance with Item 601(b)(10) of Regulation S-K.

+ Indicates management contract or compensatory plan.

† The certifications attached as Exhibit 32.1 and 32.2 to this Quarterly Report are deemed furnished and not filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Treace Medical Concepts, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this Quarterly Report, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Treace Medical Concepts, Inc.

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ John T. Treace
Name: John T. Treace
Title: Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ Mark L. Hair
Name: Mark L. Hair
Title: Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Certain identified information in this document has been omitted in accordance with Item 601(b)(10) of Regulation S-K because it is both (i) not material and (ii) is the type that the registrant treats as private or confidential. Omitted portions are marked with “[***]” in this exhibit.



February 4, 2025

To: Guy Guglielmino

Guy,

We are pleased to share that the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of Treace Medical Concepts, Inc. (the “Company”) has approved a special incentive bonus for you for 2025, if you are able to achieve certain revenue growth targets over and above our corporate revenue goals. This incentive is subject to the 2021 Incentive Plan (the “2021 Plan”) and the 2025 Corporate Bonus Plan.

The revenue targets and associated bonus payouts for target achievement are:

CCO Bonus Targets	2025 Revenue	Payout for Achievement	(Reference: Cumulative Amount)
	Below \$ [***]	\$0	\$0
Minimum Threshold: AOP Revenue Target (~[***]% Growth)	\$ [***]	\$[***]	\$[***]
[***]% Growth	\$ [***]	\$[***]	\$[***]
[***]% Growth	\$[***]	\$[***]	\$[***]
Maximum: [***]% Growth	\$[***]	\$[***]	\$[***]

Amounts paid for achievement between the minimum revenue threshold payment of \$[***] and the maximum payout of \$[***] will be calculated by linear interpolation. Revenue refers to our revenue for the year ended December 31, 2025, as reported in our financial statements filed with the SEC.

Eligibility:

You will be eligible for this bonus so long as you are (i) employed by the Company at the time of the payout of the bonus; and (ii) not in violation of Company policies, procedures or compliance matters, or your restrictive covenant agreement with the Company. You will also

be eligible to receive the bonus if 2025 revenue exceeds the minimum threshold and your employment is involuntarily terminated other than for Cause (as defined in the 2021 Plan) after December 31, 2025, but before the bonus is paid.

Adjustments for Unusual Events:

The Compensation Committee and Board of Directors may, at their sole and absolute discretion, make adjustments for unusual items affecting financial results used to determine the bonus payout.

Bonus payment:

Payment of a bonus awarded under this Plan will be made at approximately the same time as the payment of the normal Corporate Bonus; but in any event no later than March 15, 2026.

Miscellaneous:

This incentive is subject to and governed by the terms of the Company's 2021 Plan and the 2025 Corporate Bonus Plan. This incentive (1) does not affect the "at-will" nature of your employment with the Company, and either you or the Company may terminate your employment at any time for any reason; and (2) does not create an express or implied contract or guarantee any particular amount of compensation or specific benefit.

Unless the revenue thresholds are met and you are an employee in good standing with the Company at the time of payment of the 2025 Corporate Bonus (or your employment is involuntarily terminated by the Company without Cause after December 31, 2025), no portion of this award will be earned or paid.

All incentive payments will be subject to withholdings and deductions as required or permitted by applicable federal, state, or local law.

You are not allowed to assign, transfer or pledge this incentive to anyone else.

The Company and the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors reserves the right to interpret, administer, cancel and revoke this incentive, and its determination will be final, conclusive, and binding.

There are no oral or separate agreements or understandings about this incentive plan, and it can only be changed by the Company in a written agreement signed by an authorized Company representative.

Each provision of this incentive plan will be interpreted in such a manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law. If any of its provisions is held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect under any applicable law or rule, such provision will be in effect only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating the remaining provisions hereof.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Treace Medical Concepts, Inc. (the “Company”) for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 7, 2025

By: _____
/s/ John T. Treace
John T. Treace
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Treace Medical Concepts, Inc. (the “Company”) for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 7, 2025

By: _____
/s/ Mark L. Hair
Mark L. Hair
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)
